### Selected projects

## in the Western Balkans



- Road Corridor Vc
- 2 Rhine-Danube Corridor: facilitating navigation in the Prahovo sector
- Reconstruction and modernisation of Brčko river port-Phase I
- Rail interconnection: Vorë-Hani i Hotit section
- S Rail Corridor VIII: Kumanovo Kriva Palanka
- 6 Rail Corridor X
- 7 Rail route 4: Bar Vrbnica railway line section
- B Durrës Tirana railway line
- 9 Bogdanci wind park Phase II
- 10 Kostolac wind farm
- ① Oslomej 1 solar photovoltaic power plant
- 12 Trans-Balkan electricity corridor
- Vau i Dejës floating solar photovoltaic power plant

- Regional Energy Efficiency Programme (REEP)
- Gas interconnector Serbia-Bulgaria
- Podgorica waste water treatment plant
- Support to waste management
- Regional sanitary landfill for Živinice, Banovici and Kladanj
- SME competitiveness support programme
- 20 Enterprise Expansion Fund (ENEF) II
- GO DIGITAL in the Western Balkans
- Improving energy efficiency of the Technical Faculties campus in Belgrade
- Education infrastructure improvement
- Refurbishing University Children's Hospital Tiršova 2
- Learning through experience

Projects not featured on the map



Western Balkans projects

### Project description

Road Corridor Vc is part of the extension of the TEN-T Core Network to the Western Balkans. It connects Bosnia and Herzegovina to Hungary, Croatia and the Adriatic Sea. The longest section of the corridor lies in Bosnia and Herzegovina, and the country has embarked on a multibillion motorway construction programme. The motorway network, which is being built following modern transport standards, will improve road safety, increase access to tourism centres and industrial areas in the country and create more opportunities for trade flows within the region and with the EU.

### Funding

Total investment (estimated)

**€4**.1

billion

EU grants €870 million

IFI loans

€2.5 billion

Other grants

€868 million

National contribution

€296 million

- ✓ 212 km of new motorways
- √ 5 000 7 500 jobs created
- ✓ Travel speed increased to 130 km/h along the motorway
- ✓ Border crossing facilities created, including the cross-border bridge to Croatia over the Sava River
- ✓ Journeys and waiting times at the border shortened
- ✓ Trade flows within the wider region improved
- ✓ Mobility improved for more than **1.5 million** people
- ✓ Bosnia and Herzegovina integrated with the TEN-T Core Network



## 2 SERBIA

Corridor: facilitating navigation in the Pranovo sector

At the end of World War II, the German army was trying to get out in the direction of Kladovo. But, when they realised that they could not get through, the order was to sink the ships. Sunken ships probably contain explosives, and we can actually see the barrels with dynamite on some of them. Once the ships are removed, the steering will be much easier on this part of river.

Ivica Škadrić Local fisherman, Prahovo

### Project description

The Danube is navigable throughout Serbia for 588 km. However, the fairway narrows significantly at the Đerdap gorge, downstream from the port of Prahovo, due to the presence of shipwrecks sunk at the end of World War II. Through this investment, shipwrecks will be removed from the Danube, eliminating the current 5 km-long traffic bottleneck. This will facilitate the shift from road to waterway transport, support economic growth, enhance connectivity in the region and with the EU, and strengthen regional cooperation.

### **Impact**

- ✓ 21 shipwrecks removed
- √ 8% increase in cargo volume transported annually on the Danube
- ✓ **1 567 jobs** created during construction and maintenance periods
- Decarbonization of transport supported through modal shift from road to inland waterways
- ✓ Regional connectivity enhanced

### Funding

Investment (estimated)

€29

EU grant
€16.4 million

IFI loan
€13.3 million





This project includes the construction and arrangement of the port plateau, the purchase of a new crane, the reconstruction of the access road from the port to Bijeljinska Cesta as well as the industrial railway from the port to Brčko Novo railway station. The new crane triples the capability of the previous one. This improvement is expected to significantly increase the port's efficiency.

### **Funding**

Total investment (estimated)

€10.

EU grant

€3.1 million

IFI loan

€7 million

- ✓ Plateau, access road and railway station reconstructed
- ✓ New crane triples carrying capacity to 16 tonnes
- √ Handling capacity of goods increased to 150-200 tonnes per hour
- Operational costs for the port of Brčko lowered, and thus more competitive cargo handling fees for the private sector
- Greenhouse gas emissions reduced by developing a competitive multimodal transport corridor along the Sava River
- ✓ Trade flows with countries in the region improved and, thus, a positive impact on the broader economy of Bosnia and Herzegovina





### **Project description**

This investment project rehabilitates the railway line and associated railway stations, installs new signalling systems, and improves safety on the rail route. Reform measures accompany these investments to improve the rail sector's competitiveness. The new line will allow higher travel speeds, significantly enhancing market access and boosting international freight and passenger traffic towards ports, capital cities, and airports by rail. This increased traffic is a promising opportunity for potential investors to capitalize on.

### **Impact**

- ✓ 120 km of railway line upgraded
- ✓ 12 railway stations rehabilitated
- ✓ Travel speed increased from 20-40 km/h to up to **120 km/h**
- ✓ Seamless, safe and sustainable mobility of passengers and goods
- ✓ Modal shift to rail as a low carbon-intensive mode of transport

### Funding

**Total investment** (estimated)

**€316**.9 million

€142.6 million IFI loans €169 million

IFI grants

EU grant

€2 million

National contribution

€3.3 million





Western Balkans projects

### **Project description**

The investment project for the section Kumanovo – Kriva Palanka concerns the rehabilitation of the Corridor VIII railway track to modern standards. The planned intervention includes several railway bridges, over and underpasses, 5.5 km-long tunnels, railway stations and stops, and a new signalling and telecommunication system. This project will rehabilitate the central part of this corridor, connecting the Western Balkans from West to East.

### **Impact**

- ✓ **34 km of railway** rehabilitated from Beljakovce to Kriva Palanka
- ✓ Remaining works completed on the section from Kumanovo to Beljakovce
- ✓ Direct access to modern means of transport for more than **350 000** people
- ✓ **20%** increase in annual freight volume by 2040
- ✓ Travel time between Skopje and Sofia decreased
- ✓ Air and noise pollution levels reduced
- ✓ Operational costs for railway operators reduced

### Funding

**Total investment** (estimated)

million

EU grant €75 million IFI loan

€191.4 million

Other donors

€6 million

National contribution

€10.5 million



**Funding** 

**Total investment** (estimated)



IFI loans

€1.9 billion

EU grant €**812.**6 million National contribution

€312 million



- Stara Pazova Šid (border with Croatia)
- 2 Intermodal Terminal in Batajnica, Belgrade
- 3 Ostružnica Batajnica, Belgrade
- Belgrade Velika Plana
- Velika Plana Paraćin
- 6 Paraćin Međurovo length: 66 km
- Stalać Đunis length: 17.7 km
- Niš Bypass length: 22.4 km
- Niš Dimitrovgrad (border with Bulgaria)
   length: 86 km
- Wiš Brestovac length: 24 km
- Niš Preševo (border with North Macedonia) length: 133 km

### **Impact**

Western Balkans projects

- √ 609.5 km of railway lines upgraded
- ✓ Travel speed increased from 50 km/h to up to **200 km/h**
- ✓ Seamless, safe and sustainable mobility of passengers and
- ✓ Economic growth and competitiveness increased in the region
- ✓ Serbia integrated with the TEN-T Core Network



### Project description

The Bar – Vrbnica railway line is the backbone of the Montenegrin railway system and is part of the extension of the TEN-T Core Network to the Western Balkans. With EU support, Montenegro is upgrading the infrastructure on this line to create a multimodal maritime-rail transport route from the port of Bar to the wider Western Balkans region. This investment will boost business and help Montenegro to have cleaner air and safer transport.

### **Impact**

- ✓ **168 km** of railway line rehabilitated
- ✓ Mobility improved for 1.4 million passengers each year
- ✓ Freight carrying capacity increased from 1.2 million to 1.5 million tonnes per year
- ✓ Travel speed increased to up to **120 km/h**
- ✓ Time savings, enhanced safety and reliability of rail transport
- Multimodal maritime-rail transport route created from the port of Bar to the wider region

### Funding

Total investment (estimated)

€405

million

EU grant
€191 million

IFI loan
€213 million

National contribution
€1 million

n n bution



This investment project rehabilitates the Durrës - Tirana railway line, constructs a new railway link to Tirana International Airport and builds new railway stations along the line. The project will install modern signalling and telecommunication systems, while electrification will be implemented at a later stage. It will improve market access and substantially increase international freight and passenger traffic towards ports, capital cities and airports by rail.

### **Impact**

- √ 34.5 km of railway line rehabilitated
- ✓ 7.4 km of new railway track built between Tirana and Tirana's (Rinas) International Airport
- √ 41.9 km of railway line equipped with modern signalling and telecommunication systems
- ✓ 8 new railway stations built along the line
- ✓ Passenger and freight travel speed increased from 60 km/h to 100-120 km/h
- ✓ Direct access to modern means of transport for more than
   1 million people living along the Tirana Durrës railway route

### **Funding**

Total investment (estimated)
€107.9

million

EU grants

€36.6 million

Other grants

€1.2 million

IFI loans

€50.7 million

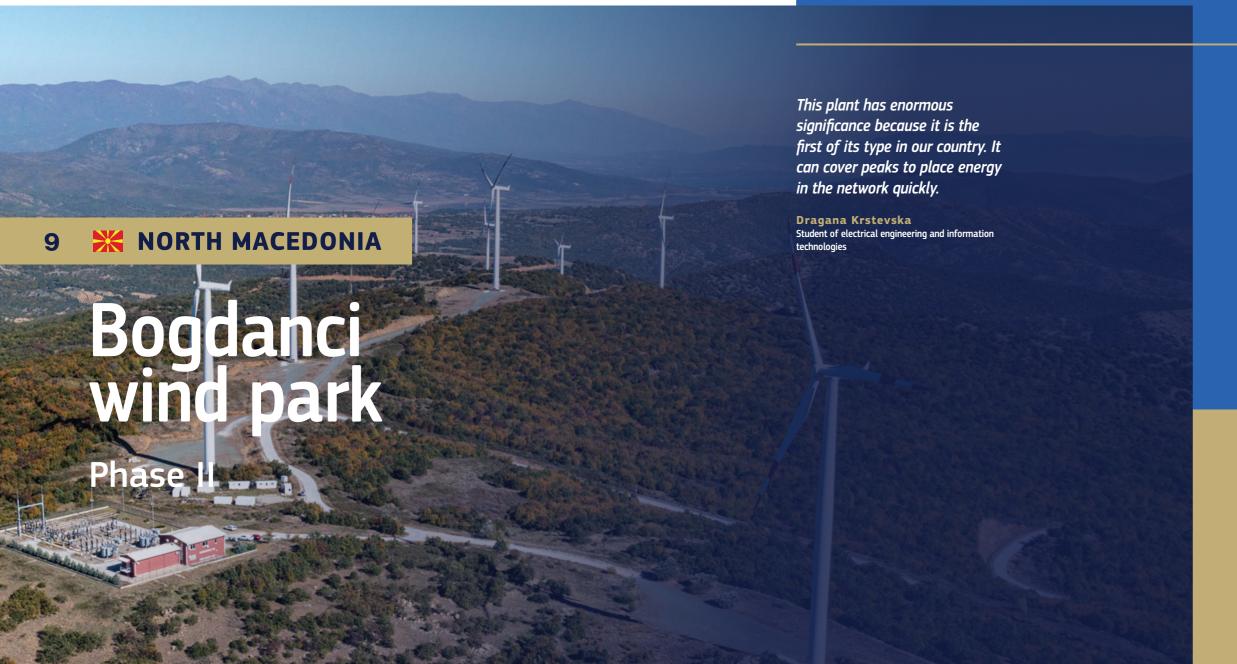
IFI grant

€0.1 million

National contribution

€19.3 million





### **Project description**

North Macedonia aims to decarbonise the energy sector by gradually phasing out fossil fuels and increasing the share of renewable energy sources in the energy mix. Phase I of this pilot project, with a 36.8 MW installed capacity, was successfully developed with EU technical assistance and produced 103 GWh or 1.95% of the country's total electricity generation in 2021. Phase II will increase the capacity of the wind park by up to 15 MW, which is expected to produce 46 GWh of electricity annually, equivalent to the energy demand of around 6 000 households.

### **Impact**

- ✓ **15 MW** of additional renewable energy generation capacity installed
- ✓ 149 GWh of renewable energy produced each year
- ✓ 22 000 households supplied with clean energy
- √ 153 600 tonnes of CO, emissions avoided each year
- √ 41 jobs created during construction as well as operation and maintenance periods
- ✓ North Macedonia's energy sources diversified

### Funding

**Total investment** (estimated)

**€30**.3

EU grant €9.2 million

IFI grant €0.2 million

IFI loan

€18 million

National contribution

€2.9 million





This project will install a 66 MW wind farm in Kostolac, on the site of depleted open-cast mines. The plant is expected to produce 187 GWh of electricity each year, equivalent to the energy demand of 45 000 households. This investment is part of the country's effort to diversify the energy mix, increase renewable electricity generation, reduce dependence on fossil fuels, support decarbonisation, and clean up and reuse the site of the exhausted coal mine.

### **Impact**

- √ 66 MW of renewable energy generation capacity installed
- ✓ 184 GWh produced each year
- ✓ **174 000 tonnes** of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions avoided each year
- ✓ Power produced from a cost-effective domestic resource
- ✓ Reduced reliance on fossil fuels and overall carbon emissions in the energy sector
- ✓ New streams of revenue for local communities opened
- ✓ Exhausted open-cast mining sites in the Kostolac Coal Basin cleaned-up and repurposed
- ✓ Sustainable development and protection of the environment promoted

### **Funding**

Total investment (estimated)

€145.1

EU grant €31 million

IFI loan

€81.8 million

National contribution

€32.3 million





The Oslomej 1 solar photovoltaic power plant harnesses the sun's energy through panels installed atop the old and depleted coal mine. It marks the beginning of a series of solar power plants that aim to replace the thermal power plant's installed capacity, setting a precedent for similar projects in the region. This plant shows North Macedonia's commitment to the environment, as it diversifies the country's energy sources, significantly contributing to decarbonisation efforts.

### **Impact**

- ✓ **10 MW** of renewable energy generation capacity installed
- ✓ 15 GWh of renewable energy produced each year, equivalent to the energy demand of 2 800 households
- ✓ 12 177 tonnes of CO, displaced annually
- √ 60 jobs created during construction as well as operation and maintenance periods

### Funding

Total investment (estimated)

**€8**.9

million

EU grant (WBIF Bilateral Donors)

€1.6 million

IFI loan

€5.9 million

National contribution

€1.4 million



### 12 WESTERN BALKANS Regional

SERBIA / MONTENEGRO / BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

### Trans-Balkan electricity corridor

The EU supports the Western Balkan partners in decreasing their dependence on fossil fuels, accelerating decarbonisation and market integration, and improving the region's energy security. Performant electricity transmission lines are a key enabler for the energy transition. With EU financial assistance, Serbia and Montenegro are establishing a Trans-Balkan Power Corridor to connect the electricity transmission systems of Serbia, Montenegro and Bosnia and Herzegovina to Croatia, Hungary, Romania and Italy through either 400 kV overhead lines or a submarine cable. These much-needed investments will replace the outdated 220 kV network, which is prone to system failures and carries high operational and maintenance costs.

**Funding** 

otal investment

€290 million

rant IFI lo

IFI loans

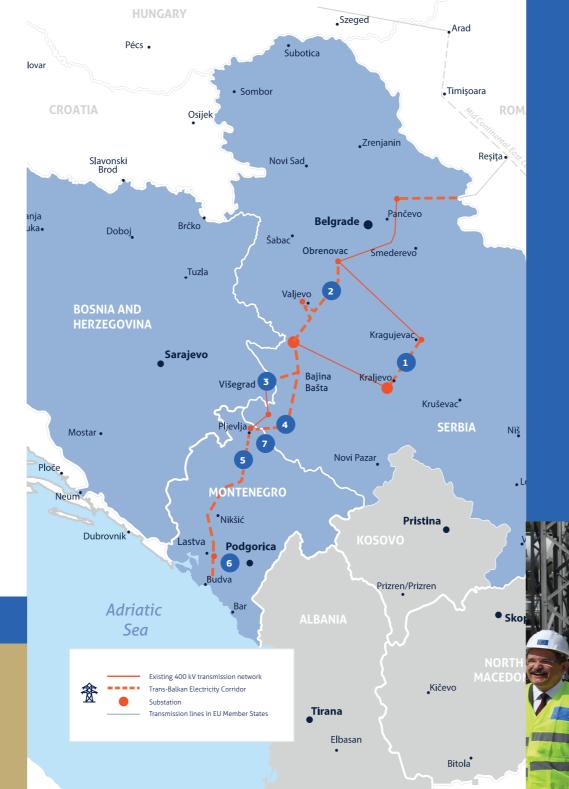
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€65.7million €192.3 million €0.3 million €14.7million

IFI g

O a

National contribution Serbia National contribution Montenegro



### SERBIA

### In Serbia, the EU supports:

- The construction of a new 400 kV section Kragujevac-Kraljevo
- 2 Upgrading the section from Obrenovac to Bajina Bašta
- 3 Upgrading the section from Bajina Bašta to Višegrad (Bosnia and Herzegovina)
- 4 Upgrading the section to the border with Montenegro

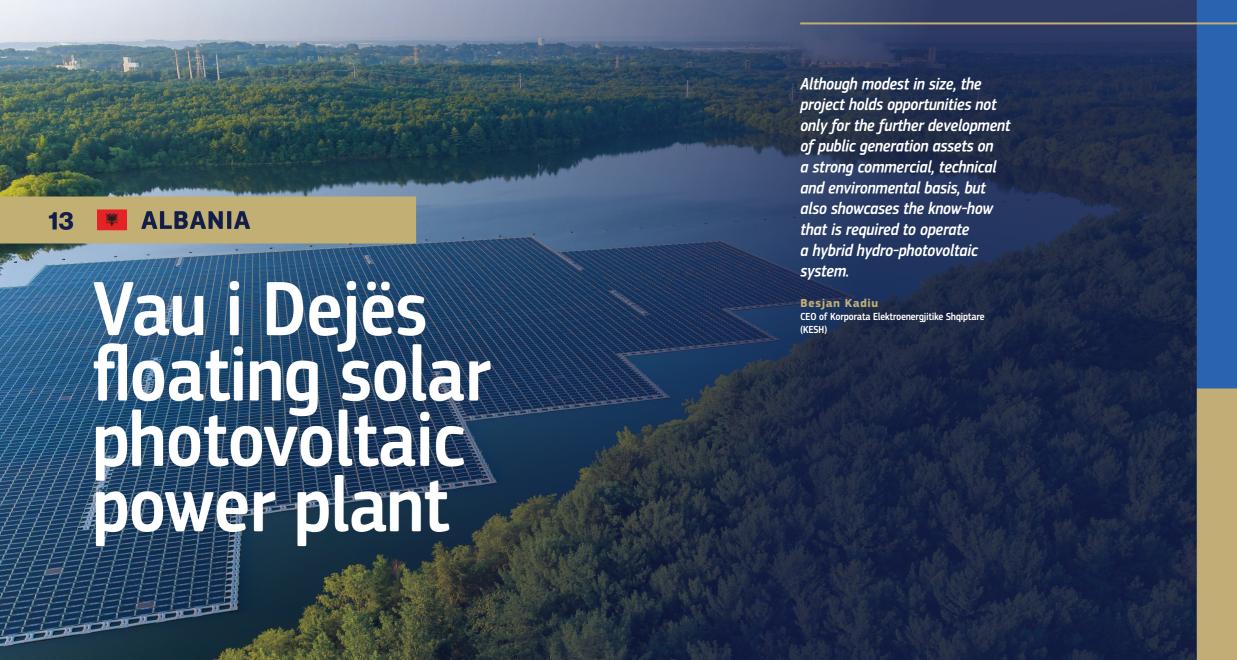
### **MONTENEGRO**

In Montenegro, the EU, EBRD and KfW support:

- **5** The construction of a new 400 kV transmission line from Lasta to Pljevlja, including the construction of a new substation in Lastva
- 6 Connecting the Lastva substation to the existing 400 kV Podgorica Trebinje line
- Upgrading the 400/220/110 kV substation in Pljevlja. The project includes dismantling the existing 220 kV overhead lines between the substation in Pljevlja and the Montenegro/Serbia border

- √ 488 km of 400 kV overhead transmission lines installed
- ✓ New substations built and existing substations upgraded
- ✓ Transmission losses reduced and less expensive energy supplied to residents and businesses
- ✓ Power supply secured by eliminating overloads and reducing outages in the system
- ✓ Regional cross-border electricity transmission capacity increased by 1 000 MW
- ✓ Over **550 jobs** created for construction, operation and maintenance
- ✓ Balanced power markets and efficient management of reserve and emergency capacities in the region
- ✓ Contribution to the creation of a regional electricity market





This investment project installs a 12.9 MW floating solar photovoltaic power plant at Vau i Dejës, a reservoir that hosts one of the largest hydropower plants in Albania. This will be the first medium-sized hybrid floating solar and hydropower plant and the first application of purefloat technology in the Western Balkans. The project aims at exploiting Albania's solar resources and improve resilience to climate risks.

### **Impact**

- ✓ 18 GWh of electricity produced each year
- √ 8 700 tonnes of CO₂ displaced each year
- ✓ Significant demonstration effect produced
- ✓ Easy replication in other reservoirs in Albania and the region

### Funding

**Total cost** (estimated)

million

EU grant (WBIF Bilateral Donors)

€2.7 million

IFI loan

€7.5 million

National contribution

€1.9 million



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Western Balkans projects

### Project description

The building sector accounts for over 40% of total energy consumption in the Western Balkans. Renovating public and private buildings to meet energy performance standards can significantly contribute to energy savings, reduce greenhouse gas emissions and improve living standards. The Regional Energy Efficiency Programme (REEP) was established in 2013 by the EBRD jointly with the European Commission, the Energy Community Secretariat, WBIF and bilateral donors. The programme blends policy support with loans, technical assistance and incentives, to support energy efficiency and renewable energy investments in the public and private sectors and implement the EU energy efficiency acquis in the Western Balkans. The EBRD and the KfW implement the programme, which operates both directly and through intermediaries and is a key instrument for the implementation of the Economic and Investment Plan.

### **Funding**

Total cost (estimated)



billion

€**182.**6 million

Other grants

EU grants

€40 million

IFI loans

€928 million

- ✓ Around 1 000 SMEs and 16 000 households benefitted from loans and incentives
- ✓ Around **400 public buildings** benefitted from energy efficiency rehabilitation
- ✓ More than **700 cities** and towns in the region targeted
- ✓ Biomass market developed in Serbia
- √ 964 000 MWh of energy saved each year
- √ 540 000 tonnes of CO, emissions avoided each year
- ✓ **121 MW** of renewable energy capacity installed





By funding the building of the gas interconnector Niš-Dimitrovgrad-Bulgaria, the EU supports safe and sustainable gas supply for homes and industries in Serbia. This will boost the diversification of energy sources in Serbia and in the Western Balkans region, while also enhancing the transition from fossil fuel to fully renewable sources of energy. Moreover, it will provide more secure and stable supply from a different gas network system.

### **Impact**

- ✓ **1.8 billion m³** of gas transferred every year, equal to **60%** of Serbia's annual consumption
- ✓ Citizens, schools, hospitals and businesses in Bela Palanka, Pirot and Dimitrovgrad will have access to gas supply for heating and industrial production
- ✓ Countries in the Western Balkans have more diversified, secure and stable supply from different gas network systems

### **Funding**

**Total investment** (estimated)

**€106**.5 million

€50 million IFI grant €25 million

EU grant

National contribution

€24 million

Srbijagas' contribution

€7.5 million





This investment project will support the construction of a new wastewater treatment plant for Podgorica, a sludge incineration plant, and extend the sewerage network. These investments will enable the collection and treatment of the wastewater generated by the city in line with EU standards. Currently, Podgorica is serviced by a wastewater plant built in the 1970s, performing well below the capacity needed to meet present demand. About half of the effluent is discharged untreated into the Morača River, running into the Skadar Lake - an internationally recognised wetland area.

### **Impact**

- ✓ Sanitation services improved for over 189 300 people
- ✓ Wastewater treatment capacity increased from 29.4 m³/day to **48.9 m³/day**
- ✓ Primary and secondary sewer network extended by 33.6 km of new sewer pipes installed
- ✓ Direct positive impact achieved on the health of residents and better living conditions in Podgorica and its neighbourhood
- ✓ Environment protected by reducing pollution load in surface and groundwater in the area and downstream
- ✓ Adequate collection and treatment of wastewater and sludge achieved
- ✓ Compliance with EU water and environment Directives and international best practices in the field

### Funding

Total investment (estimated)

€76.6

EU grant **€23.7** million

IFI grant

€0.3 million

IFI loan

€35 million

National contribution

€6.6 million

Other grants

€11 million





### **Project description**

The project supported the central government and all the municipalities in providing sustainable basic services, laying the foundation for reforms in the sector, applying an integrated waste management system and enhancing the legal and policy framework in line with the EU acquis and moving towards the implementation of the "waste hierarchy" and "polluter pays" principles. This also allows Kosovo to move towards a circular economy, with the inclusion of vulnerable groups.

### **Impact**

- ✓ Waste management plans developed for **36 municipalities**
- ✓ Waste separation has been implemented as a pilot project in **25%** of all households in the country
- ✓ Collection rate of solid waste increased in **38 municipalities** from 32% to **90%**
- ✓ **1 483 illegal dumpsites** closed from 2017 to 2022
- ✓ Waste-collection and management services accessed by 94% of urban and rural households
- ✓ Set up of the first deposit refund system for beverage containers to reduce the use of plastic bags

### Funding

Total investment



million

EU grant €6.1 million IFI contribution

€0.9 million



This is a very significant project

and Herzegovina. Until now,

waste was transported to an

unsanitary landfill in Doboj, 70

km away. This project lays the

say that waste is not rubbish,

again.

Selmir Šliivić

Director of Eko-Sept d.o.o., Živinice

but a resource that can be used

ground for future investments in

the circular economy. We always

for three municipalities in Bosnia

for waste separation and a recycling yard, to serve three municipalities in Tuzla Canton - Zivinice, Banovici and Kladanj. The landfill improves the overall solid waste management system in the three municipalities, reducing environmental risks stemming from water and soil contamination, cutting greenhouse gas emissions, and decreasing the amount of disposed waste.

### **Impact**

- ✓ Efficient waste collection and disposal services provided to over151 300 people
- √ 16 140 tonnes of waste disposed of in compliance with EU landfill standards each year
- ✓ **1 million m³** of landfill compliant with EU standards
- √ 3 non-compliant urban landfills closed
- Environmental risks stemming from water and soil contamination reduced
- ✓ Greenhouse gas emissions reduced

### Funding

Total investment

€8.3

million

EU grant

€374 400

Member States' and other grants

€2.7 million

IFI loans

€5.2 million

# Regional Sanitary Landfill for Živinice, Banovici and Kladanj





### **Project description**

The SME Competitiveness Support Programme helps small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) to upgrade their operations to meet EU standards in environmental protection, occupational health and safety and product quality, through technical assistance provided by experts' guidance and grants. This holistic approach not only aids SMEs in aligning with stringent EU directives but also boosts their market potential and profitability.

### **Impact**

- ✓ Competitiveness improved for **419 Serbian companies**
- ✓ Expert guidance to optimise investment provided to SMEs
- ✓ Compliance with EU legislation facilitated for SMEs
- ✓ Technical assistance provided on environmental protection, occupational health and safety, and product quality and safety

### Funding

**Total investment** (estimated)

EU grant €30 million IFI loan €140 million





### Project description

The Enterprise Expansion Fund II (ENEF II) is a new investment fund that was established with EU support, building on the success of its predecessor fund, the ENEF. The ENEF II, part of the Western Balkans Investment Framework, is advised by the EBRD. Dedicated to SMEs and mid-caps in the Western Balkans, the ENEF II has already started investing in local companies. It aims to build a portfolio comprising 15-20 companies. Beyond providing expansion and growth capital, the ENEF II complements its investments with comprehensive pre- and postinvestment advisory services, empowering businesses with the skills and tools they need to build resilient and thriving enterprises. The fund also aims to support companies' commitments to sustainability by embedding environmental, social and governance (ESG) best practices into its financing instruments.

### Funding

Total investment (estimated)

€75

EU grant

€30 million

IFI loans

€45 million

- ✓ **15 to 20 companies** supported with individual investments
- ✓ Individual total investments for the companies ranging from
   €0.5 million to €8 million
- ✓ Advisory services and support provided on sustainable environmental, social and governance best practices
- Private sector growth and economic development enhanced in the region





The GO DIGITAL programme provides a combination of specialised financing and know-how for digitalisation, automation and competitiveness for micro and small businesses (MSMEs) across the Western Balkans. EU grant financing is used for investment incentives and capacity building to promote proactive investments in high-performing technologies and mitigate upfront costs.

### Funding

**Total investment** (estimated)

**€177.**6

EU grant €27.6 million IFI loan €150 million

- ✓ At least **60%** of the investments provided in digitalisation and automation technologies
- ✓ At least 50% of investments are green
- ✓ At least **30%** investment focused in areas outside capital cities
- ✓ Regional and rural development supported





### **Project description**

With the support of the EU, the University of Belgrade, one of the oldest in the Western Balkans, has embarked on a transformative journey. This project involves the creation of an energy-efficient campus, to improve and strengthen the capacities of university education through capital investments in university infrastructure, facilitating the improvement of the quality of higher education in Serbia. In particular, the EU's intervention will focus on the Electrical Engineering and Technical Faculties Campus in Belgrade, constructing and equipping new buildings and rehabilitating existing ones in line with current energy efficiency and accessibility standards.

### **Impact**

- ✓ Around 15 000 students and 1 750 university staff benefit from improved quality of education and learning conditions
- ✓ New modern university centres with an area of more than **30 000 m<sup>2</sup>** constructed
- √ 93 000 m² of existing faculty buildings rehabilitated to ensure safety, energy efficiency, maintain the asset value and rationalise operational costs
- ✓ More than 1 620 jobs created during construction and maintenance periods

### Funding

**Total investment** (estimated)

**€169**.5

EU grant €22.1 million

IFI loan

€95 million

National contribution

€52.4 million





This project aims at modernising education facilities, including kindergartens, primary, secondary and vocational schools, as well as providing Information and Communications Technology equipment. The project fosters a positive and efficient learning environment for children and adolescents in Montenegro, while at the same time addressing overcrowding in schools.

### **Impact**

- √ 10 vocational secondary schools and 3 kindergartens renovated
- ✓ 2 100 new places provided for students
- ✓ Around **530 full-time jobs** created
- √ By 2026, 10 000 students benefit each year from an innovative learning environment

### Funding

**Total investment** (estimated)

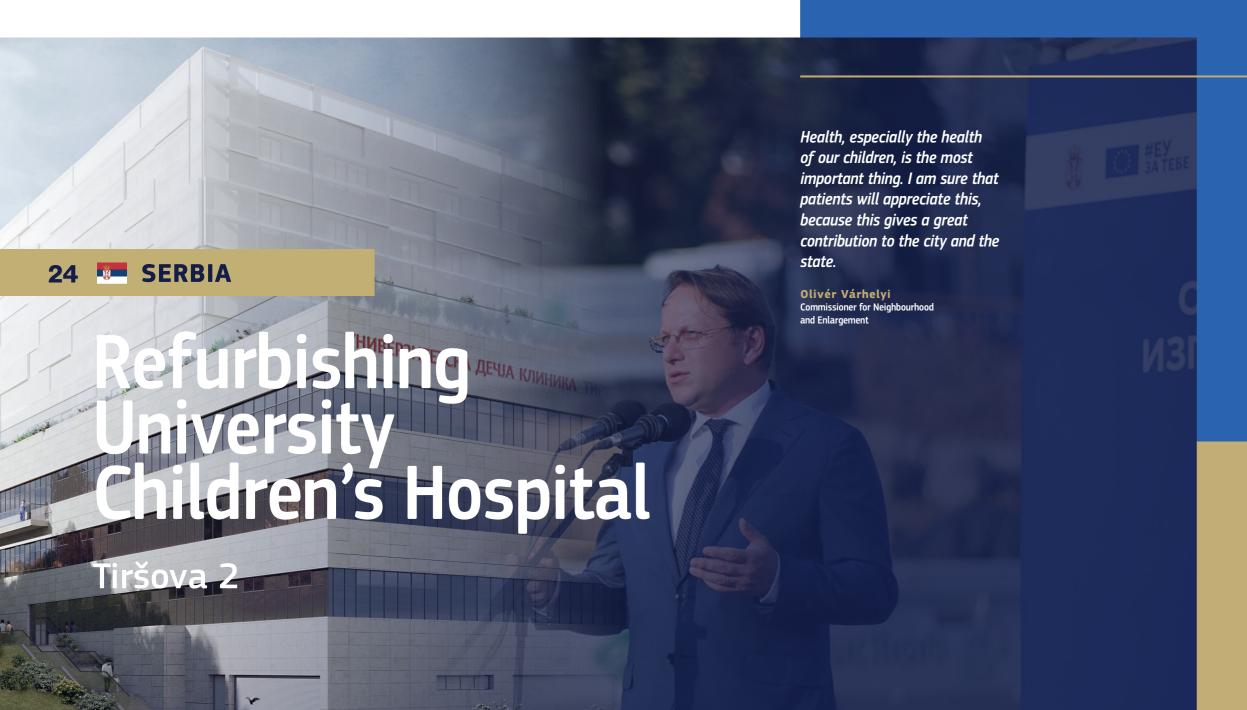
€64

million

€11 million IFI loan €18 million IFI grant €2.5 million National contribution €32.5 million

EU grant





### **Project description**

The University Children's Hospital is a leading paediatric health centre in Serbia. This investment project will construct a new building for the hospital to offer new diagnostic and treatment technologies, robotic surgery facilities, more sophisticated patient monitoring and new fields of therapeutic diagnosis. The new hospital will provide healthcare services for young patients in Serbia that align with European standards and will cater to neighbouring countries' specific, complex paediatric needs. Low-income families not living in Belgrade will have access to family accommodation options for admitted patients. At the same time, all physical spaces will be accessible to persons with disabilities.

### **Funding**

Total investment (estimated)

€164.1 million

EU grant €36.2 million

IFI loan

€54 million

External grant €0.3 million

National contribution

€73.6 million

- ✓ Number of total patient capacity increased by over 3 700 persons per year
- ✓ Medical diagnostic and treatment area increased by 15 676 m², more than double the current space
- ✓ Paediatric diagnostic and treatment improved, in line with European best practice
- ✓ Healthcare costs reduced by improving space and energy efficiency
- ✓ Hospital's carbon footprint reduced in line with the objectives set in the Green Agenda for the Western Balkans
- √ 560 new non-medical jobs created during construction and maintenance periods





### **Project description**

Through this programme, the EU is strengthening education and empowerment of young people in Kosovo, while also advocating for better youth development and education policies and practices. Thanks to this programme, a new generation of Kosovar youth leaders will make a positive sustained impact in their community, while Ministries of Education, Youth and local government engage more effectively with relevant civil society actors and networks.

### **Impact**

- ✓ More than 3 000 students and 300 maths teachers trained
- ✓ **97%** of students and teachers satisfied with the training on practical maths teaching methods
- ✓ 275 volunteers engaged during the Solidarity Action Day in August 2023

### Funding

**Total investment** (estimated)

€115 000

EU grant €60 000 NGO funding €55000

